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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/002,247	11/02/2001	David Lahiri Bhatoolaul	15-29-7-12	2775
75	90 03/06/2006		EXAM	INER
Lucent Technologies Inc.			NGUYEN, DAVID Q	
Docket Adminis	strator (Room 3J-219) Corner Road		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
Holmdel, NJ (2681	
			DATE MAIL ED: 03/06/2004	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/002,247	BHATOOLAUL ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	David Q. Nguyen	2681				
The MAILING DATE of this communic Period for Reply	cation appears on the cover sheet w	vith the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOWHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MADE THE STATE OF THE MADE AND A SHORT OF	AILING DATE OF THIS COMMUN of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a unication. tutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO vill, by statute, cause the application to become A	ICATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this communication BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed	1 on <i>19 January 2006</i>					
·=	b) This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition f		ters, prosecution as to the merits i	is			
closed in accordance with the practic	•	•				
Disposition of Claims		•				
4) Claim(s) 2,4,7-9 and 13-16 is/are per	nding in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/ard	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>2,4,7-9 and 13-16</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restrict	ion and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the	Examiner					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are:		by the Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any object	· - ·	•				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(d).			
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	. ,			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for a claim for a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:	or foreign priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
 Certified copies of the priority of 	locuments have been received.					
Certified copies of the priority of	locuments have been received in A	Application No				
-	f the priority documents have beer	received in this National Stage				
application from the Internation	•					
* See the attached detailed Office action	for a list of the certified copies not	received.				
Attachment(s)						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview	Summary (PTO-413)				
2) \square Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT \boxtimes Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or P		s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>05/12/05</u> .	6) Other:					

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 2,4,7-9 and 13-16 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 2,7-8 and 13-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Katsuki (US 6,366,792 B1) in view of Goetz et al. (US 6,349,204 B1).

Regarding claim 13, Katsuki discloses a radio telecommunications network including a base station and a battery operated user equipment (see fig. 1 and fig. 2), the user equipment comprising: means for monitoring actual battery charge level and for communicating said level to the base station (see fig. 2 and col. 4, lines 14-58 and col. 4, line 61 to col. 5, line 8); the base station also being configured to use the information specifying the size of the data file to be sent to determine whether there is sufficient battery charge available to receive the full data file (see fig. 2 and col. 4, lines 14-58 and col. 4, line 61 to col. 5, line 8), and if the battery charge is determined as not sufficient the base station does not send the data file (see fig. 2 and col. 4, lines 14-58 and col. 4, line 8). Katsuki does not mention a data store, means for

Art Unit: 2681

monitoring the available data storage capacity and for communicating available storage capacity data to the base station, the base station being configured to receive information on the size of a data file to be sent to the user equipment, to determine whether or not the available data storage capacity of the user equipment is sufficient to receive the full data file, and if determined as not sufficient the base station does not send the data file. However, Goetz et al. discloses a data store, means for monitoring the available data storage capacity and for communicating available storage capacity data to the base station, the base station being configured to receive information on the size of a data file to be sent to the user equipment, to determine whether or not the available data storage capacity of the user equipment is sufficient to receive the full data file, and if determined as not sufficient the base station does not send the data file (see col. 4, lines 34-41; fig. 1; monitoring & control 6; col. 6, lines 4-14, lines 28-32).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide above teaching of Goetz to Katsuki so that files downloaded can be stored in the user's equipment to avoid re-downloading.

Regarding claim 14, Katsuki in view of Goetz et al. discloses a method of operating battery operated user equipment comprising a data store in a radio telecommunications network comprising a base station (see explanation in claim 13), the method comprising the steps of: the user equipment monitoring the available data storage capacity and communicating available storage capacity data to the base station (see explanation in claim 13), the user equipment monitoring actual battery charge level and communicating said level to the base station (see explanation in claim 13), the base station receiving information on the size of a data file to be sent to the user equipment, the base station determining whether or not the available data storage

Application/Control Number: 10/002,247

Art Unit: 2681

capacity of the user equipment is sufficient to receive the full data file, and if not sufficient the base station does not send the data file (see explanation in claim 13); the base station using the information specifying the size of the data file to be sent to determine whether there is sufficient battery charge available to receive the full data file, and if the battery charge is determined as not sufficient the base station does not send the data file (see explanation in claim 13); the base station sending the data file only if both the available data storage capacity and the battery charge are determined as sufficient (see explanation in claim 13).

Regarding claim 15, Katsuki in view of Goetz et al. discloses a radio telecommunications network comprising a base station configured to receive information from a battery-operated module terminal of available data storage capacity and battery charge level (see explanation in claim 13), the base station being configured to receive information on the size of a data file to be sent to the user equipment (see explanation in claim 13), to determine whether or not the available data storage capacity of the user equipment is sufficient to receive the full data file (see explanation in claim 13), and if determined as not sufficient the base station does not send the data file (see explanation in claim 13); the base station also being configured to use the information specifying the size of the data file to be sent to determine whether there is sufficient battery charge available to receive the full data file, and if the battery charge is determined as not sufficient the base station does not send the data file (see explanation in claim 13).

Regarding claim 16, Katsuki in view of Goetz et al. discloses a method of operating a radio telecommunications network comprising a base station, the method comprising the steps of: receiving information from a battery-operated mobile terminal of available data storage capacity and battery charge level (see explanation in claim 13); the base station receiving

Art Unit: 2681

information on the size of a data file to be sent to the user equipment, determining whether or not the available data storage capacity of the user equipment is sufficient to receive the full data file (see explanation in claim 13), and if determined as not sufficient the base station does not send the data file (see explanation in claim 13); the base station using the information specifying the size of the data file to be sent to determine whether there is sufficient battery charge available to receive the full data file (see explanation in claim 13), and if the battery charge is determined as not sufficient the base station does not send the data file (see explanation in claim 13); the base station sending the data file only if both the available data storage capacity and the battery charge are determined as sufficient (see explanation in claim 13).

Regarding claims 2 and 7-8, Katsuki in view of Goetz et al. also discloses including a data store and means for configuring the equipment to receive files automatically and store them in the data store, or to retrieve files from the data store and transmit them, without activating any sounder or vibrator for alerting the user (see col. 4, lines 34-41; fig. 1; monitoring & control 6; col. 6, lines 4-14, lines 28-32 of Goetz); monitoring the available data storage capacity of the data store and for communicating available storage capacity data to the base station during call set up (see col. 4, lines 34-41; fig. 1; monitoring & control 6; col. 6, lines 4-14, lines 28-32 of Goetz).

3. Claims 4 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Katsuki (US 6,366,792 B1) in view of Goetz et al. (US 6,349,204 B1) and further in view of Brown et al. (US 6,185,423 B1).

Application/Control Number: 10/002,247

Art Unit: 2681

Regarding claims 4 and 9, the battery operated user equipment for use in a radio telecommunications network of Katsuki in view of Goetz et al. does not disclose means for estimating which one of a plurality of available physical channels would best conserve battery charge, and for signaling the identity of that channel to the base station during call set up.

However, Brown et al. discloses means for estimating which one of a plurality of available physical channels would best conserve battery charge, and for signaling the identity of that channel to the base station during call set up (see col. 3, lines 25-44 and fig. 1; sorting a list of available channels based on signal strength to save power battery).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide above teaching of Brown et al. to the method of Katsuki in view of Goetz et al in order to save power and increase device battery life.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

Application/Control Number: 10/002,247

Art Unit: 2681

Page 7

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David Q. Nguyen whose telephone number is 571-272-7844. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30AM-5:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, JOSEPH H. FEILD can be reached on (571)272-4090. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

DN

David Nguyen

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER